INDIAN SCHOOL MUSCAT MIDDLE SECTION **DEPARTMENT OF ENGLISH REVISION WORKSHEET**

Class V Sec. Name: Roll No. Date:

I. Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below.

When Mr. Jones went to a restaurant one day, he left his coat near the door. There was nothing in the pockets of the coat when he left it, so he was very surprised when he took his coat after his meal and found the pockets full of jewellery!

There was a waiter near the door, so Mr. Jones told him, "Somebody has made a mistake. He has put some jewellery in my coat pocket. Take them and when he comes back, give them to him." The waiter took it and went away. Suddenly, another man came in with a coat just like Mr. Jones. 'I am sorry," said the man, "I made a mistake. I took your coat and you have got mine. Please give me my coat." The man took his coat and put his hand into the pockets. He shouted, "Give me my jewellery." Mr. Jones answered, "I gave your jewellery to the waiter. He will give them to you."

Mr. Jones called the manager of the restaurant; but the manager said, "We have no waiters here. We have only waitresses." "You gave my jewellery to a thief!" shouted the other man angrily. "I shall call the police." Mr. Jones was frightened and paid the man a lot of money for the jewellery.

I. Underline the correct option.

1. Jones gave the jewellery to

a) a waiter	b) a thief	c) the owner	d) the manager

2. Jones wanted the other man to

- a) call the police. b) call the manager. c) get the jewellery from the waiter.
- d) take back his coat and jewellery.
- 3. "You gave the jewellery to a thief !" 'You' here refers to
 - a) the manager. b) the waiter. c) the waitresses. d) Jones.

II. Complete the following sentences.

1. Jones left his coat

2. The other man asked Jones for his
3. The restaurant had only
III. State if the following statements are True or False.
1. Jones owned a pocket full of jewellery.
2. The other man had taken Jones coat by mistake.
3. Jones paid the man a lot of money for the jewellery because he was frightened of the police.
IV. Find a word which means the same from the above passage.
1. Someone who is in charge of a business.
2. an act or the time of eating a portion of food.
3. to cause someone to become afraid
4. to identify something incorrectly
V. Write the antonym of-
a) full b) answered

II. Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below.

The banyan tree is one of the giants among trees. Anything in nature that is a 'giant' presents all kinds of problems, and trees are no exception. For example, a giant tree has the problem of drawing moisture from the roots to the top. The trunk of the tree must be strong. A tree cannot grow too tall and remain slender – that way it would break. So a giant tree must be wider at the base to support the load above it. And if the branches are large and heavy, they could pull down the trunk to one side.

The banyan tree is a giant tree that has solved these problems in an interesting way.

The most unusual thing about the banyan tree is the way its branches grow. They spread out in all directions al around the trunk. And even though the trunk is huge, it cannot support these branches. So thick roots grow from the underside of the branches directly to the ground.

When these roots take hold, they provide support and food for the tree. They also develop into new trunks. The result is that the banyan tree grows more in circumference than in height. Finally, arcades of these roots are formed, and a banyan tree may have a circumference that reaches 450 meters. If these roots are cut, they are useful for making tent poles and the fibre is used for making ropes.

The banyan tree produces tiny figs. When they become ripe, they turn bright red and are eaten by birds and bats.

Answer the following questions.

1. What is the problem faced by a giant tree?

2. How do the branches of a banyan tree grow?

3. Why does a banyan tree need more roots?

4. How are these parts of a banyan tree used?

a) roots :			

b) fruits : _____